

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, DC 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT
Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d)
of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): March 19, 2025

Century Therapeutics, Inc.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

001-40498
(Commission File Number)

84-2040295
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

25 North 38th Street, 11th Floor
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
(Address of principal executive offices)

19104
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (267) 817-5790

Not Applicable
(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
 Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
 Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
 Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class	Trading Symbol	Name of Exchange on Which Registered
Common Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share	IPSC	Nasdaq Global Select Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition

On March 19, 2025, Century Therapeutics, Inc. (the "Company") issued a press release announcing its financial results for the year ended December 31, 2024. A copy of the press release is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K and is incorporated herein by reference.

The information contained in this Item 2.02 (including Exhibit 99.1) is being furnished and shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section and shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure

On March 19, 2025, the Company updated information reflected in a slide presentation, which is attached as Exhibit 99.2 to this Current Report on Form 8-K and is incorporated herein by reference. Representatives of the Company will use the updated presentation in various meetings with investors from time to time.

The information contained in this Item 7.01 (including Exhibit 99.2) is being furnished and shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section and shall not be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits

(d) Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Document
99.1	Press Release of Century Therapeutics, Inc., dated March 19, 2025
99.2	Investor Presentation of Century Therapeutics, Inc., dated March 19, 2025
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

CENTURY THERAPEUTICS, INC.

By: /s/ Brent Pfeiffenberger, Pharm.D.
Name: Brent Pfeiffenberger, Pharm.D.
Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: March 19, 2025

Century Therapeutics Reports Full Year 2024 Financial Results and Provides Business Update

- Preclinical pipeline re-prioritization to focus on four potentially transformative programs to advance toward clinic, led by CNTY-308 in B-cell mediated autoimmune diseases and malignancies
- New concentrated clinical focus for CNTY-101 based on unique profile with transformational potential in autoimmune disease; data anticipated in 2025
- Cash runway estimate extended into fourth quarter of 2026

PHILADELPHIA, March 19, 2025 -- Century Therapeutics, Inc. ('Century', NASDAQ: IPSC), an innovative biotechnology company developing induced pluripotent stem cell (iPSC)-derived cell therapies in autoimmune disease and cancer, today reported financial results and business highlights for the full year 2024.

"Today we announced a pipeline re-prioritization to streamline resources on advancing candidates that are potentially transformational or best-in-class in diseases with high unmet need. We ended the year with a strong cash position, which we will leverage to achieve meaningful milestones and drive value for all stakeholders as we take the company forward in a new direction," said Brent Pfeifferberger, Pharm.D., Chief Executive Officer of Century Therapeutics. "We have made the strategic decision to discontinue the Phase 1 ELIPSE-1 trial early, and we thank the patients, providers and caregivers for their support and participation. We believe CNTY-101 is well-positioned to potentially impact the standard of care meaningfully in B-cell-mediated autoimmune diseases. We are implementing key initiatives to drive toward delivering data in 2025 from the CALiPSO-1 Phase 1 trial, including new site activations and enhanced patient enrollment efforts in both the U.S. and EU, and with further insights from the CAMEL Phase 1 investigator-initiated clinical trial which is expected to initiate in mid-2025."

Fourth Quarter 2024 and Recent Highlights**Clinical Pipeline for CNTY-101**

- **Phase 1 CALiPSO-1 trial site expansion in United States and Europe:** The first patient in our CALiPSO-1 Phase 1 trial in autoimmune diseases is enrolled and scheduled for dosing in March 2025. Five sites in the U.S. are actively screening patients and Century has increased resourcing for trial site activation and proficient recruitment. The company is also expanding the CALiPSO-1 clinical trial to include additional sites in select European countries and expects enrollment at those sites will initiate in the second half of 2025.
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- **CARAMEL IIT on track to commence in mid-2025 following CTA approval:** In January 2025, the company announced it had entered into an agreement for an investigator-initiated (IIT) Phase 1/2 trial by Professors Georg Schett and Andreas Mackensen of its CD19 CAR-iNK investigational cell therapy candidate CNTY-101 in patients with B-cell mediated autoimmune diseases. The IIT, which is sponsored by the Friedrich-Alexander University Erlangen-Nürnberg, represents the first evaluation by the internationally recognized Schett/Mackensen group of an allogeneic iPSC-derived CD19-directed NK cell therapy for the treatment of autoimmune diseases. The CARAMEL trial is expected to commence in mid-2025 following Clinical Trial Authorization (CTA) approval.
- **Early discontinuation of ELiPSE-1 program in late-stage R/R NHL:** While the company remains encouraged by the clinical activity and tolerability profile of CNTY-101 in late-stage relapsed-refractory non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (R/R NHL), the emerging clinical data do not meet the company's threshold to be considered transformational in this patient population and the program is being discontinued. The company is committed to providing continued treatment access in the ELiPSE-1 trial for patients showing benefit. We believe the ELiPSE-1 data continues to reinforce the potential of CNTY-101 in autoimmune diseases: in addition to encouraging clinical activity in a difficult to treat R/R NHL population and a favorable tolerability profile, translational data also showed evidence of CNTY-101 trafficking to lymph nodes and deep B cell depletion following treatment. The ELiPSE-1 data continues to support proof-of-concept for Allo-Evasion™ and the ability to enable repeat dosing of the company's cell therapies. Further data is expected to be presented in 2025.

Preclinical Pipeline

“We look forward to our planned webinar next month where we will dive deeper into the programs we are taking forward. We believe these exciting programs unlock an opportunity to replace current therapies and expand application of cell therapy to areas with serious medical need, starting with what we believe to be our unique ab CD4+/CD8+ CAR-T cells combined with our most advanced Allo-Evasion™ 5.0 technology,” said Chad Cowan, Ph.D., Chief Scientific Officer of Century Therapeutics. “In the case of CNTY-308 and CNTY-341 in B-cell-mediated diseases, we are aiming for comparable or better performance to approved autologous CAR-T therapies. With our combined expertise in protein engineering, cell differentiation, and manufacturing, we aim to launch allogeneic cell therapies at antibody-like scale and cost. For our solid tumor and non-immune cell programs, this brings the potential to expand access to cell therapies much more broadly.”

- **Announced pipeline re-prioritization and live webcast on April 22nd:** Today the company announced four new prioritized programs anchored by advanced iPSC-derived 'tunable' CD4+/CD8+ ab T cells with target profiles comparable to autologous CART cells. All four programs are engineered with the company's proprietary immune evasion technology, Allo-Evasion™ 5.0, designed to enable holistic evasion of T cell, NK cell, and humoral immunity. Management will host a live webcast on Tuesday, April 22nd to discuss each of the prioritized programs in more detail.
- **Advancing CNTY-308 toward product candidate selection:** CNTY-308 is a CD19-targeted CAR-iT cell therapy engineered with Allo-Evasion™ 5.0 which has demonstrated preclinical characteristics comparable to autologous CD19 CAR-T cells, including proliferation on target engagement, cytokine secretion, cytotoxic elimination of tumor cells, persistence and proliferation on rechallenge. CNTY-308 is being developed for B-cell mediated autoimmune diseases and malignancies. The company expects to initiate IND-enabling studies with CNTY-308 in mid-2025.
- **Three additional preclinical programs being taken forward based on their profiles:** CNTY-341 is a CD19/CD22 dual-targeted CAR-iT cell therapy engineered with Allo-Evasion™ 5.0 which pairs dual targeting and primary T-cell-like functionality in an allogeneic cell with the goal of providing a differentiated therapy for B cell malignancies. The next program is the company's first solid tumor CAR iT program exploiting Nectin-4 CAR and other validated targets, engineered with Allo-Evasion™ 5.0 and additional engineering aimed at overcoming the key barriers to success in treating solid tumors. In addition, the company is leveraging its expertise in selective iPSC differentiation to non-immune effector cells with opportunities to potentially accelerate in high-impact therapeutic areas where the company believes its technology and capabilities provide meaningful differentiation.

Full Year 2024 Financial Results

- **Cash Position:** Cash, cash equivalents, and marketable securities were \$220.1 million as of December 31, 2024, as compared to \$261.8 million as of December 31, 2023. Net cash used in operations was \$110.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2024, compared to net cash used in operations of \$88.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2023. The company estimates its cash, cash equivalents, and investments will support operations into the fourth quarter of 2026.
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- **Collaboration Revenue:** Collaboration revenue generated through the company's collaboration, option, and license agreement with Bristol-Myers Squibb was \$6.6 million.
- **Research and Development (R&D) Expenses:** R&D expenses were \$107.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2024, compared to \$92.7 million for the same period in 2023. The increase in R&D expenses is most notably due to increase in research and laboratory costs due to progression of the ELiPSE-1 clinical trial, start-up costs relating to the CALiPSO-1 trial, and manufacturing costs related to the company's collaboration with FujiFilm Cellular Dynamics, Inc.
- **General and Administrative (G&A) Expenses:** G&A expenses were \$33.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2024, compared to \$34.7 million for the same period in 2023. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in employee headcount during the 2024 fiscal year.
- **Net Loss:** Net loss was \$126.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2024, compared to net loss of \$136.7 million for the same period in 2023.

About Century Therapeutics

Century Therapeutics (NASDAQ: IPSC) is harnessing the power of adult stem cells to develop curative cell therapy products for cancer and autoimmune diseases that we believe will allow us to overcome the limitations of first-generation cell therapies. Our genetically engineered, iPSC-derived cell product candidates are designed to specifically target hematologic and solid tumor cancers, with a broadening application to autoimmune diseases. We are leveraging our expertise in cellular reprogramming, genetic engineering, and manufacturing to develop therapies with the potential to overcome many of the challenges inherent to cell therapy and provide a significant advantage over existing cell therapy technologies. We believe our commitment to developing off-the-shelf cell therapies will expand patient access and provide an unparalleled opportunity to advance the course of cancer and autoimmune disease care. For more information on Century Therapeutics, please visit www.centurytx.com.

Forward-Looking Statements

This press release contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of, and made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of, The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements contained in this press release, other than statements of historical facts or statements that relate to present facts or current conditions, including but not limited to, statements regarding our clinical development plans and timelines are forward-looking statements. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors that may cause our actual results, performance, or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terms such as “may,” “might,” “will,” “should,” “expect,” “plan,” “aim,” “seek,” “anticipate,” “could,” “intend,” “target,” “project,” “contemplate,” “believe,” “estimate,” “predict,” “forecast,” “potential” or “continue” or the negative of these terms or other similar expressions. The forward-looking statements in this press release are only predictions. We have based these forward-looking statements largely on our current expectations and projections about future events and financial trends that we believe may affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this press release and are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions, some of which cannot be predicted or quantified and some of which are beyond our control, including, among others: our ability to successfully advance our current and future product candidates through development activities, preclinical studies, and clinical trials; our dependence on the success of our lead product candidate, CNTY-101; our ability to progress CNTY-101 through clinical development; our ability to meet development milestones on anticipated timelines; uncertainties inherent in the results of preliminary data, pre-clinical studies and earlier-stage clinical trials, which may not be predictive of final results or the results of later-stage clinical trials; our ability to obtain FDA clearance of our future IND submissions and commence and complete clinical trials on expected timelines, or at all; our reliance on the maintenance of certain key collaborative relationships for the manufacturing and development of our product candidates; the timing, scope and likelihood of regulatory filings and approvals, including final regulatory approval of our product candidates; the impact of geopolitical issues, banking instability and inflation on our business and operations, supply chain and labor force; the performance of third parties in connection with the development of our product candidates, including third parties conducting our clinical trials as well as third-party suppliers and manufacturers; our ability to successfully commercialize our product candidates and develop sales and marketing capabilities, if our product candidates are approved; our ability to recruit and maintain key members of management and our ability to maintain and successfully enforce adequate intellectual property protection. These and other risks and uncertainties are described more fully in the “Risk Factors” section of our most recent filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission and available at www.sec.gov. You should not rely on these forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. The events and circumstances reflected in our forward-looking statements may not be achieved or occur, and actual results could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. Moreover, we operate in a dynamic industry and economy. New risk factors and uncertainties may emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for management to predict all risk factors and uncertainties that we may face. Except as required by applicable law, we do not plan to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements contained herein, whether as a result of any new information, future events, changed circumstances or otherwise.

For More Information:

Century Therapeutics
Morgan Conn, PhD
Chief Financial Officer
investor.relations@centurytx.com

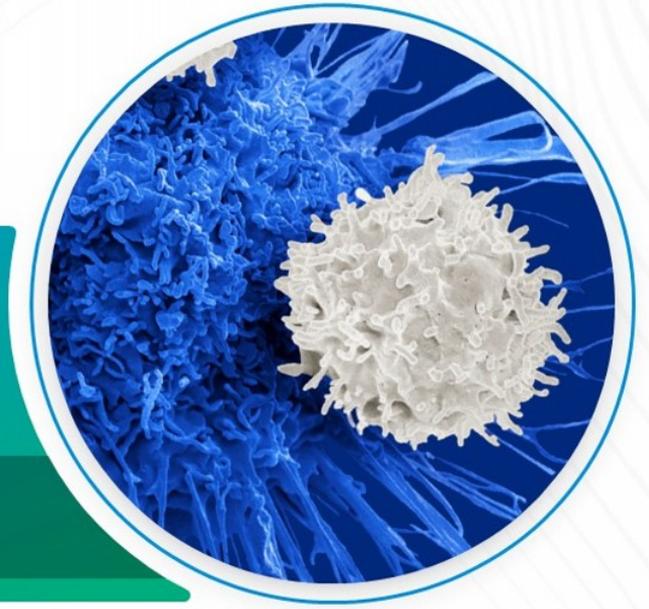
JPA Health
Sarah McCabe
smccabe@jpa.com

Century Therapeutics, Inc
Condensed Balance Sheets
(unaudited, in thousands)

Assets	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 58,441	\$ 47,324
Short-term investments	130,851	125,414
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	4,759	4,256
Total current assets	194,051	176,994
Property and equipment, net	62,141	71,705
Operating lease right-of-use assets, net	28,706	20,376
Long-term investments	30,818	89,096
Goodwill	-	-
Intangible assets	34,200	-
Other long-term assets	3,300	2,520
Total assets	\$ 353,216	\$ 360,691
Liabilities, convertible preferred stock, and stockholders' equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 3,075	\$ 2,741
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	17,543	10,733
Long-term debt, current	-	-
Deferred revenue, current	109,164	4,372
Total current liabilities	129,782	17,846
Operating lease liability, noncurrent	48,960	46,658
Long-term debt, net	-	-
Other long-term liabilities	-	56
Deferred revenue	-	111,381
Contingent consideration liability	8,738	-
Deferred tax liability	4,374	-
Total liabilities	191,854	175,941
Stockholders' equity		
Common stock	9	6
Additional paid-in capital	943,366	840,407
Accumulated deficit	(782,337)	(655,771)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	324	108
Total stockholders' equity	161,362	184,750
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 353,216	\$ 360,691

Century Therapeutics, Inc
Condensed consolidated statements of operations
(unaudited, in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	Year Ended December 31, 2024	Year Ended December 31, 2023
Collaboration Revenue	\$ 6,589	\$ 2,235
Operating Expenses		
Research and development	107,244	92,710
General and administrative	33,155	34,706
In-process research and development	-	5,000
Impairment on long-lived assets	-	16,365
Impairment of goodwill	4,327	-
Total operating expenses	<u>144,726</u>	<u>148,781</u>
Loss from operations	(138,137)	(146,546)
Interest expense	-	(540)
Interest income	13,007	12,677
Other income, net	354	(383)
Loss before provision for income taxes	(124,776)	(134,792)
Provision for income taxes	(1,790)	(1,881)
Net Loss	<u>\$ (126,566)</u>	<u>\$ (136,673)</u>
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	153	2,602
Foreign currency translation adjustment gain (loss)	63	(32)
Comprehensive loss	<u>\$ (126,350)</u>	<u>\$ (134,103)</u>
Net loss per common share - Basic and Diluted	<u>(1.61)</u>	<u>(2.30)</u>
Weighted average common shares outstanding	<u>78,648,958</u>	<u>59,314,389</u>



Corporate Overview

Mar 2025

Forward-looking statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of, and made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of, The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements contained in this presentation, other than statements of historical facts or statements that relate to present facts or current conditions, including but not limited to, statements regarding our clinical development plans and timelines and the initial safety and efficacy profiles of CNTY-101 are forward-looking statements. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors that may cause our actual results, performance, or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terms such as "may," "might," "will," "should," "expect," "plan," "aim," "seek," "anticipate," "could," "intend," "target," "project," "contemplate," "believe," "estimate," "predict," "forecast," "potential" or "continue" or the negative of these terms or other similar expressions. The forward-looking statements in this presentation are only predictions. We have based these forward-looking statements largely on our current expectations and projections about future events and financial trends that we believe may affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this presentation and are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions, some of which cannot be predicted or quantified and some of which are beyond our control, including, among others: our ability to successfully advance our current and future product candidates through development activities, preclinical studies, and clinical trials; our dependence on the success of our lead product candidate, CNTY-101; our ability to progress CNTY-101 through clinical development; our ability to meet development milestones on anticipated timelines; uncertainties inherent in the results of preliminary data, pre-clinical studies and earlier-stage clinical trials, which may not be predictive of final results or the results of later-stage clinical trials; our ability to obtain FDA clearance of our future IND submissions and commence and complete clinical trials on expected timelines, or at all; our reliance on the maintenance of certain key collaborative relationships for the manufacturing and development of our product candidates; the timing, scope and likelihood of regulatory filings and approvals, including final regulatory approval of our product candidates; the impact of geopolitical issues, banking instability and inflation on our business and operations, supply chain and labor force; the performance of third parties in connection with the development of our product candidates, including third parties conducting our clinical trials as well as third-party suppliers and manufacturers; our ability to successfully commercialize our product candidates and develop sales and marketing capabilities, if our product candidates are approved; our ability to recruit and maintain key members of management and our ability to maintain and successfully enforce adequate intellectual property protection. These and other risks and uncertainties are described more fully in the "Risk Factors" section of our most recent filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission and available at www.sec.gov. You should not rely on these forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. The events and circumstances reflected in our forward-looking statements may not be achieved or occur, and actual results could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. Moreover, we operate in a dynamic industry and economy. New risk factors and uncertainties may emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for management to predict all risk factors and uncertainties that we may face. Except as required by applicable law, we do not plan to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements contained herein, whether as a result of any new information, future events, changed circumstances or otherwise.

Century Therapeutics:

Clear focus on transformational value with unique iPSC-derived cell therapies

Enhanced Preclinical Pipeline

Enhanced preclinical pipeline and platform aiming to expand and multiply cell therapy value

- Four potentially transformative programs engineered with industry-leading Allo-Evasion™ 5.0
- Leading programs focus on iPSC-derived 'tunable' CD4+/CD8+ $\alpha\beta$ T cells
- Selective expansion to non-immune effector cells in high impact diseases

Concentrated Clinical Focus

Concentrating clinical focus with CNTY-101 on autoimmune disorders with transformational potential

- Unique profile of CD19-targeting iNK cell product engineered with Allo-Evasion™ with clinical data from R/R NHL reinforcing potential in autoimmune disorders
- Expansion of Phase 1 CALiPSO-1 trial in US and EU with CAMEL IIT expected to commence in mid-2025

Resourcing for Value

Extending cash runway into 4Q26; re-allocating resources to enable key value milestones

- CNTY-101 autoimmune clinical data expected in 2025
- CNTY-308 $\alpha\beta$ T cell program expected to enter IND-enabling stage in mid-2025
- Ended FY24 with cash, cash equivalents, and investments of \$220M

GOAL:
Expand and enhance cell therapy value



Century's ability to create multiple iPSC-derived cell types incorporating Allo-Evasion™ stands apart from other allogeneic cell therapy approaches

Allogeneic

Off-the-shelf therapies

Potential for improved **time-to-treatment**

Broad **availability**

Manufacturing **dependability**



iPSCs

Engineerability

- Control of differentiation to **multiple cell types**
- Nearly **unlimited genetic editing capacity** due to infinite replicative capacity

Reproducibility

- Fully characterized** single cell clones form **master cell bank (MCB)**
- Deep understanding of **cell function and safety**

Profitable Scalability

- Large batch sizes** with batch-to-batch consistency
- Pathway to significantly **reduced COGS similar to antibody therapies**
- Expansion from a single-clone MCB **decreases risk of cell exhaustion**



Allo-Evasion™

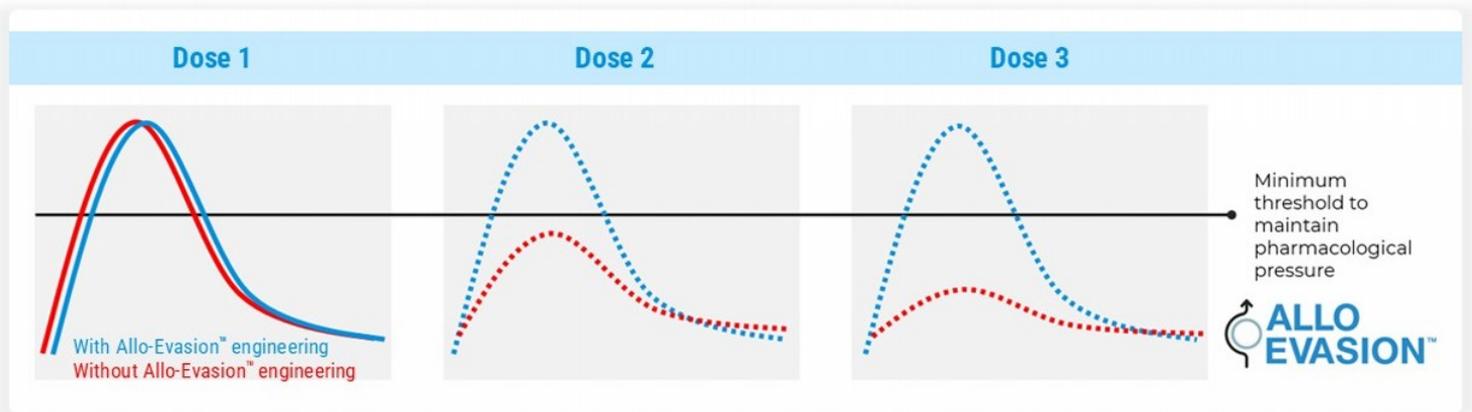
Engineering for **immune evasion** from:

- Native T-cells and NK-cells
- Antibody immunity

Enables potential for **persistence** and **re-dosing** of therapy

Clear differentiation from other allogeneic cell therapies with pathway to antibody-like scale

Allo-Evasion™ engineering aims to drive durable responses by enabling repeat dosing for tighter control over drug exposure



Clinical data from CNTY-101 in ELiPSE-1 show persistent exposure in the presence of an intact immune system¹

1. Company data: ELiPSE-1 Phase 1 study in B-cell malignancies

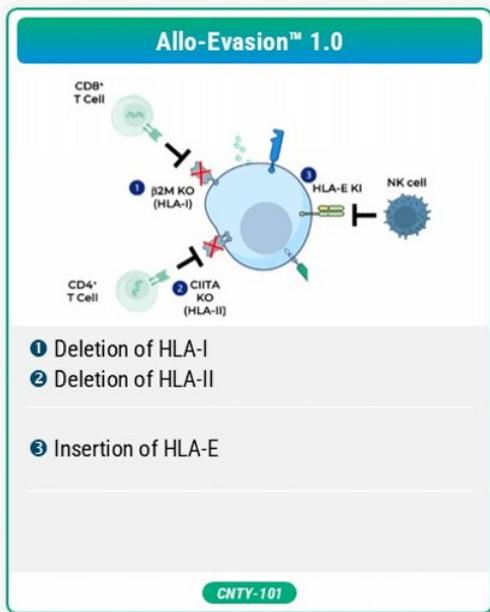
Century is a leader in immune evasion engineering

Protection from:

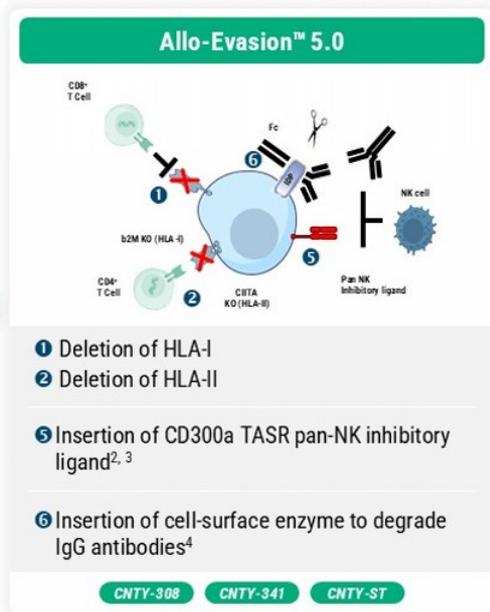
Native T-cells

Native NK-cells

Humoral immunity

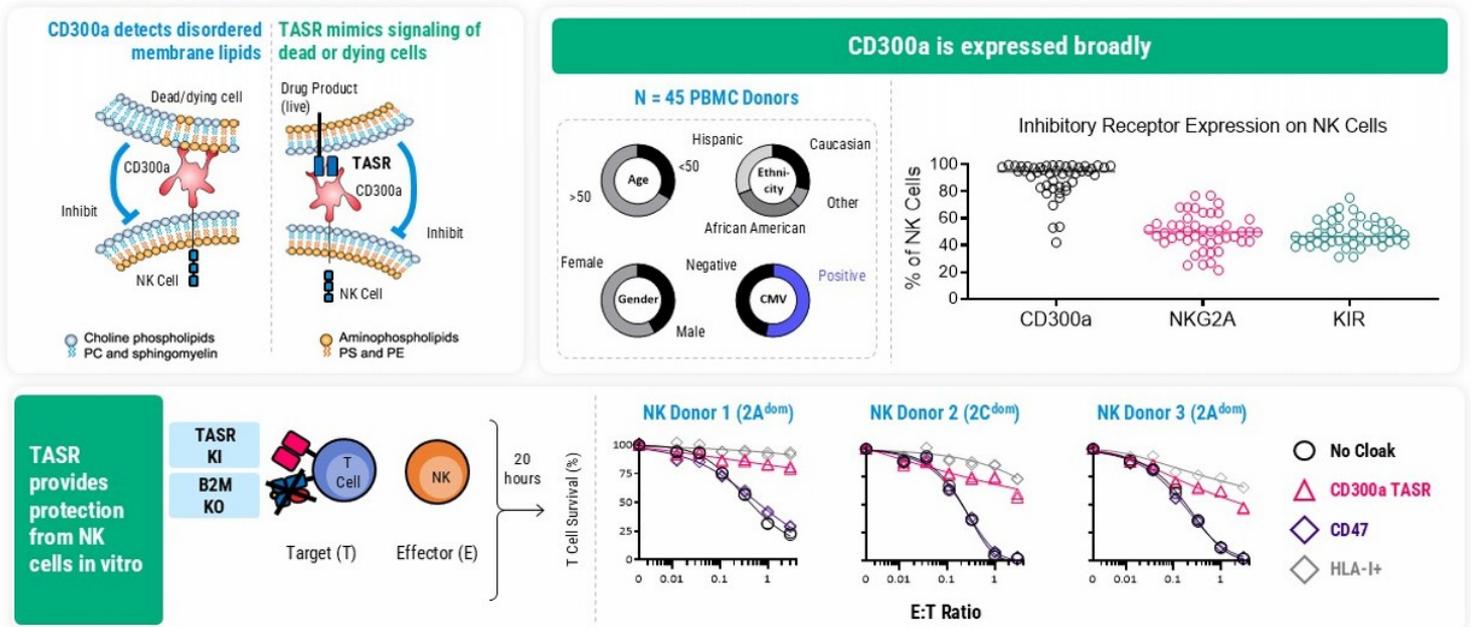


Continued evolution to enhance holistic protection from major immunity pathways



1. Company data: ELIPSE-1 Phase 1 study in B-cell malignancies
 2. https://www.centurytx.com/wp-content/uploads/ASH_Weistead_Universal-Protection-of-Allogeneic-T-Cells/Final.pdf
 3. <https://ashpublications.org/bloodadvances/article/doi/10.1182/bloodadvances.2024013436/518079/Universal-Protection-of-Allogeneic-T-Cell>
 4. Peraro et al, Mol. Therapy 2021, 29(12), 3398-3409; <https://pmc.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/articles/PMC8636170>

The CD300a TASR ligand mimics natural signaling to provide broad protection from host NK cells



<https://ashpublications.org/bloodadvances/article/doi/10.1182/bloodadvances.2024013436/S18079/Universal-Protection-of-Allogeneic-T-Cell>; https://www.centurytx.com/wp-content/uploads/ASH_Welstead_Universal-Protection-of-Allogeneic-T-Cells-Final.pdf

Century is advancing a focused iPSC pipeline across cell types and targets in cancer and autoimmune diseases

Product	Targets	Indications	Research	IND-enabling	Clinical		
					Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3
CNTY-101 iNK (Allo-Evasion™ 1.0)	CD19	B-cell-mediated autoimmune diseases					
				CALIPSO-1			
				CARAMEL IIT ¹			
CNTY-308 αβ iT (Allo-Evasion™ 5.0)	CD19	B-cell-mediated autoimmune diseases					
		B-cell malignancies					
CNTY-341 αβ iT (Allo-Evasion™ 5.0)	CD19 + CD22	B-cell malignancies					
Solid tumors iT (Allo-Evasion™ 5.0)	Nectin-4/other	Solid tumors					
Undisclosed Non-immune effector	Undisclosed	Undisclosed					

- Hematologic tumors
- Solid tumors
- Autoimmune diseases

1. Agreement in place for an investigator-initiated trial (IIT) by Professors Georg Schett and Andreas Mackensen at Friedrich-Alexander University Erlangen-Nürnberg. CARAMEL trial intended to commence in mid-2025 following CTA approval.

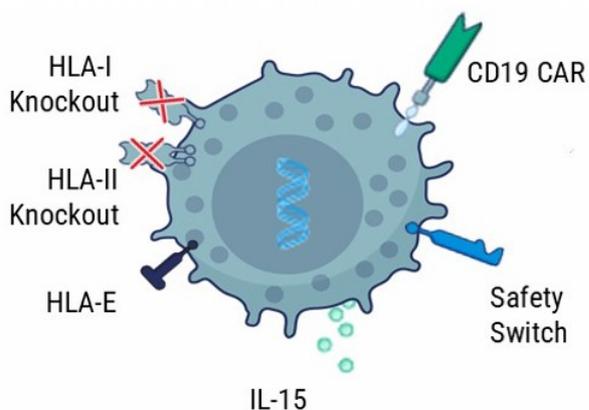


CNTY-101

CAR-iNK cell therapy with Allo-Evasion™ 1.0

CNTY-101: A CD19-targeted CAR-iNK product candidate designed to provide precise control of drug exposure and enable repeat dosing

CNTY-101



CNTY-101 off-the-shelf CAR-iNK cell therapy candidate designed to treat patients with B cell-mediated diseases

- Six precision gene edits designed to enable:
 - CD19-targeted CAR for B-cell depletion
 - Allo-Evasion™ technology enables re-dosing without lymphodepletion
 - Secreted IL-15 enhances cell persistence
 - Safety switch enables elimination of CNTY-101 with cetuximab, if required for patient safety
- iNK cells incorporating Allo-Evasion™ provide more predictable pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics

Currently in Phase 1 in autoimmune disorders

Autoimmune disorders present significant unmet medical need

	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE)	Lupus Nephritis (LN)	Idiopathic Inflammatory Myopathy (IIM)	Diffuse cutaneous Systemic Sclerosis (dcSSc)
Characteristics	Multorgan, potentially fatal, inflammatory disease with risk for organ damage, including skin, heart, and brain	Kidney manifestation of SLE with potential kidney failure requiring dialysis and increased risk for mortality	Inflammation of muscle, lungs, skin, joints, and gastrointestinal tract causing weakness, pain, and lung failure which can lead to chronic disability and potentially mortality	Fibrosis and vasculopathy of the skin and internal organs, with high risk for disability, disfigurement, and cardiopulmonary mortality
US Prevalence ¹	180,000–340,000	80,000–120,000	>60,000	>85,000 (SSc)
Initial addressable subpopulations ²	>20,000	>30,000	>10,000	>30,000
Standard of care	Corticosteroids, chemotherapy, immunosuppressants, anticoagulants, plasmapheresis	Corticosteroids, chemotherapy, immunosuppressants, dialysis	Corticosteroids, immunosuppressants, IVIg	Slow progression: Immuno-suppressants, vasodilators, antifibrotic agents
Limited efficacy with approved therapies ³	<35% low disease activity (LLDAS)	<40% complete renal response (CRR)	<40% total improvement score (TIS) of 60%	Slower decline in lung function (FVC decrease >24 mL/year on therapy)
Unmet Medical Need	Low disease activity, prevention of organ damage, survival	Prevention of renal failure, survival	Remission, maintain function, prevention of calcinosis, damage, respiratory failure, survival	Slow progression, prevent cardiac or respiratory failure, survival

Despite approved treatments, significant underappreciated unmet need remains

SoC relies on **chronic treatment** with broad-acting corticosteroids & immunosuppressives

Treatment toxicity and disease flares leading to organ damage remain common

Current treatments fail to significantly improve **quality of life** or prevent **organ failure** in majority of patients

Even effective available treatments leave patients suffering with **active disease, shortened lifespan, and prospect of life-long medication**

(1) Tian Ann Rheum Dis 2022; Limbity Arth Rheum 2021; Duarte-Garcia Ann Rheum Dis 2022; Hecceglu Arth Rheum 2022; Siroyer-Tomic BMC Musculoskeletal Disorders 2012; Khoo Nat Rev Rheum 2022; Bendewald Arch Dermatol 2010; Bairdar Rheumatology 2021; Fan J Manag Care Spec Pharm 2020
 (2) Estimates include refractory subpopulations: Morand Ann Rheum Dis 2018; Morand Ann Rheum Dis 2023; Oon Ann Rheum Dis 2019; Morand Arth Rheum 2023; Schettiger Ann Rheum Dis 2019; Ckose Arthritis Rheumatol 2024 (abstract); Mayes Arth Rheum 2003
 (3) Highest efficacy values reported; not necessarily Phase 3 trial primary efficacy endpoints that supported FDA approval. Oon Ann Rheum Dis 2019; Morand Ann Rheum Dis 2023; Aronow Ann Rheum Dis 2024; Rovin Lancet 2021; Harezi CJASN 2024; Saeima Arth Rheum 2023; Farie NEJM 2020; Aggarwal NEJM 2022; Dettler NEJM 2019; Khanna Lancet Respir Med 2020

LLDAS, lupus low disease activity state; FVC, forced vital capacity

Clear opportunity for allogeneic cell therapies to address moderate to severe autoimmune indications by providing long-term, drug-free remission



Significant patient population and unmet need

- Tens of thousands of patients with unmet need in the US
- Heterogeneous nature of patients with autoimmunity supports opportunity for multiple modalities within and across indications
- Treatments needed to **resolve inflammation**, prevent organ failure, **normalize lifespan**, and avoid toxicity of **life-long medication**



Compelling evidence for benefit from deep depletion of pathogenic B-cells

- Autologous anti-CD19 CART cell therapies demonstrate potential for long-term drug-free remission
 - Unmet challenges include safety (CRS, ICANS, neutropenia, B cell aplasia), logistics, and product availability
- Emerging data for allogeneic cell therapies² demonstrate potential for transformative impact and may address above challenges



Opportunity to deliver transformational efficacy

- Dramatically improve upon standard of care
 - **SLE**: LLDAS achievement – predictor for reduction of damage accrual
 - **LN**: Complete renal response (CRR)
 - **SSc**: High %CRISS, FVC stabilization
 - **IIM**: High %TIS
- Optimal outcome: drug-free remission

1. Mackensen Nature Medicine 2022 doi.org/10.1038/s41591-022-02017-5, Muller NEJM 2024 doi/full/10.1056/NEJMoa2308917, Muller ASH 2024 doi.org/10.1182/blood-2024-194525, Sheikh Arthritis Rheumatol. 2024
2. Yu Arthritis Rheumatol. 2024; Goulding Arthritis Rheumatol. 2024, Wang Cell 2024 doi.org/10.1016/j.cell.2024.06.027
CRIS: Composite Response Index for Clinical Trials in Early Diffuse Systemic Sclerosis

CNTY-101 is a differentiated autoimmune disease treatment: Allogeneic iPSC CAR iNK cell therapy with Allo-Evasion™

Allogeneic iPSC

- Available 'off-the-shelf'
- No patient apheresis required
- No manufacturing wait time
- Batch-to-batch consistency
- Platform enables lower COGs than donor-derived or autologous

NK cells

- Killing potency (\geq primary CAR-T) leads to deep B-cell depletion¹
- Trafficking to secondary lymphoid tissues and marrow favors pathogenic B-cell targeting
- Short-lived, more predictable pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics
- Manageable safety profile, well-tolerated in ELiPSE-1

Allo-Evasion™

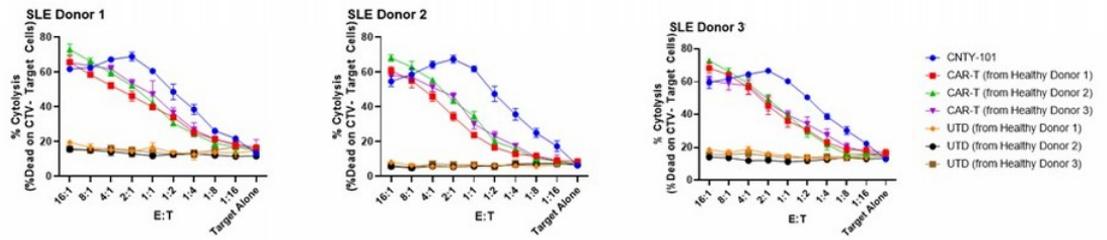
- Avoiding host immune rejection
- Ability to repeat dose without continued lymphodepletion
- Ability to re-treat, if needed

Tighter control over drug exposure:
B-cell depletion without prolonged B-cell aplasia

1. https://www.centurix.com/wp-content/uploads/ASH_Chin_Natural-Killer-GD-Cells-Final.pdf

In vitro studies show that CNTY-101 eliminates B cells with greater potency than primary CAR-T cells

CNTY-101 & CAR-Ts from Healthy Donors on B Cells Isolated from SLE Patients



24-hour in vitro cytotoxicity study of CNTY-101 against B-cells from SLE patients, compared to primary CAR-T cells derived from healthy donors

https://www.centurix.com/wp-content/uploads/ASH_Chin_Natural-Killer-GD-Cells-Final.pdf

Isolated B cells or CD19+ target cells were co-cultured with CNTY-101 or primary CAR-T at several E:Ts in 96-well U bottom plates in NKCM with assay harvested at 24h. Assay plates were harvested and stained for Fixable Live/Dead. Cells were fixed and run on cytometer to determine Target+Dead Cell populations.

E:T: Effector:Target ratio, UTD: Untransduced donor cells as control

CALiPSO-1 is a Phase 1 study of CNTY-101 in refractory B cell-mediated autoimmune diseases (NCT06255028)

Inclusion:

- Participants with moderate to severe SLE, LN, IIM, or dcSSc with treatment-resistant and active disease, after 2+ standard immunosuppressive therapies

Endpoints:

- Key endpoints: Safety and tolerability, disease activity measures per clinical and laboratory assessments
- Translational endpoints: PK, B-cell depletion, autoantibody decline



Clinical trial sites open for enrollment (USA); expansion to EU sites expected in 2025

SLE: Systemic Lupus Erythematosus; LN: Lupus Nephritis; IIM: Idiopathic inflammatory Myopathy; dcSSc: Diffuse Cutaneous Systemic Sclerosis
 *Response assessment conducted at one month; does not gate Cycle 2 | DLT: Dose Limiting Toxicity

CNTY-101 ELiPSE-1 first-in-human study: Initial clinical experience in relapsed/refractory B-cell lymphoma validates Century's IPSC platform

Heavily pre-treated patient population (n=23 safety; n=22 efficacy)

- Median 4 prior lines (range 2-6); 48% (11/23) of patients received prior CART

Favorable initial safety and tolerability profile (n=23)

- No dose-limiting toxicities (DLTs); no events of graft-versus-host disease (GvHD)
- Majority of participants received CNTY-101 infusions in an outpatient setting
- In DL 3B and 4B (n=9), No ICANs; 3 patients (33%) had G1 or G2 cytokine release syndrome (CRS)

Activity Profile in Relapsed / Refractory Aggressive BCL

- ORR for DL 3B and 4B (n=9) was 77% (7/9) and complete response rate was 22% (2/9)

Emerging data reinforce potential of CNTY-101 in autoimmune diseases at targeted dose levels (DL3B, 4B)

- CNTY-101 cells were detected in lymph node tumor biopsies early post-treatment
- CNTY-101 treatment demonstrates deep B cell depletion
- CNTY-101 infusions showed similar exposure in the presence or absence of endogenous lymphocytes

ELIPSE-1 is a dose-escalating Phase 1 study of CNTY-101 in B-cell malignancies (NCT05336409)

Patients with CD19+ aggressive and high-risk indolent R/R B-NHL

- DLBCL, HGBL, MCL, PMBCL, FL3B, FL, MZL
- ≥ 2 prior lines of therapy
- Prior CD19-targeted cell therapy allowed

- Part 1 – Dose escalation
 - Schedule A: Single dose
 - Schedule B: 1 dose per week x 3 weeks
- Part 2 – Dose expansion

Bayesian Optimal Interval (BOIN) design



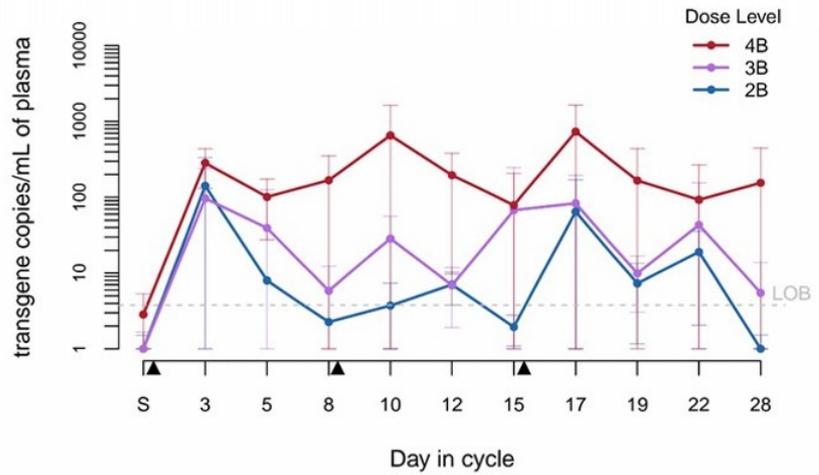
1. Standard lymphodepletion regimen: Fludarabine (30 mg/c/d) and cyclophosphamide IV (300 mg/m/d) for 3 days
 2. Subjects who are assessed as stable disease or better may receive additional cycles of CNTY-101
 3. Subjects at DL 4A did not receive IL-2 on the day of CNTY-101 infusion but did receive IL-2 daily for 7 days
 4. For DL 4B, initial 2 cycles at DL 4B; subsequent cycle regimen depending on response or risk/benefit

DLBCL: Diffuse large B-cell Lymphoma; HGBL: High-Grade B-cell Lymphoma; MCL: Mantle Cell Lymphoma; PMBCL: Peripheral Mediastinal B-cell Lymphoma; FL3B: Follicular Lymphoma Grade 3B; FL: Follicular Lymphoma; MZL: Marginal Zone Lymphoma
 DLT: Dose Limiting Toxicity
 IL-2: Interleukin-2 (dose: 3e6 IU; subcutaneous)

CNTY-101 exposure increased with dose, sustained exposure at doses intended for CALiPSO-1 study

- Persistence, inclusive of cells outside the bloodstream, is detected via a cell-free (cf) DNA assay out to day 28 at dose level 4B
- Multiple infusions in Schedule B drives exposure throughout the dosing cycle

Transgene copies/mL of Plasma (LDC+ Cycles)



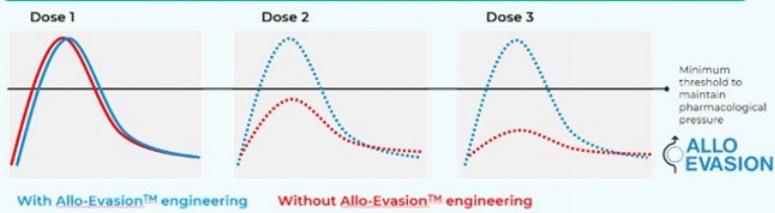
Source: Company data available as of March 7, 2025

Error bars show mean \pm SD on original scale, subsequently log10 transformed. Due to log scale, low values are truncated at 1. All schedule B LDC+ cycles are included. S: Screen, LOB: Limit of Blank.

Enabled with Allo-Evasion™, CNTY-101 infusions in dose level 3B showed similar exposure in the presence or absence of endogenous lymphocytes

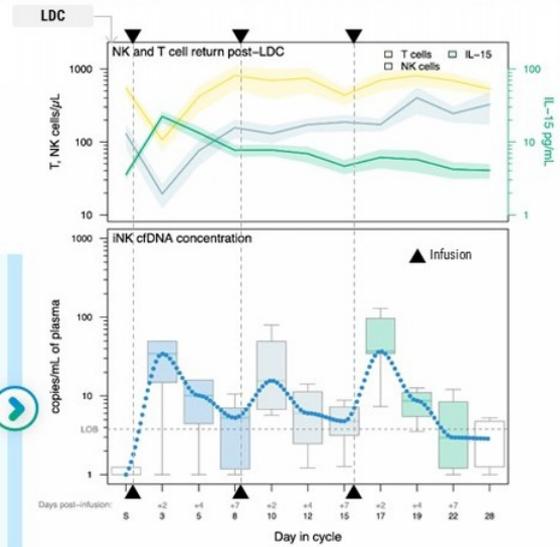
- Lymphodepleting Chemotherapy (LDC) depleted patient NK/T cell counts and drove a transient spike of IL-15 cytokine
 - By post-infusion day 8, NK/T cell counts, IL-15 concentration returned to screening level
- Similar PK profile observed for each CNTY-101 infusion within a cycle despite evident patient immune recovery
- PK profile is comparable between cycles with and without LDC*

Model of Allo-Evasion™ enabled cellular kinetics



*Based on a Two One-Sided T test approach (TOST) comparing log cfDNA concentration two days post each infusion with and without LDC, and assuming equivalence bounds +/- 25% the mean cfDNA concentration with LDC. Translational data available as of March 7, 2025

Lymphocyte counts and PK profile



Graphs show data from 3B cohort (N=6). Lines in the top panel represent mean and shaded area represents 1*SEM. Triangles mark CNTY-101 infusions within a Schedule B cycle, grey arrow indicates LDC. Dotted blue curve is a LOESS fit to medians in bottom panel. S: Screen

CNTY-101 cells were detected in lymph node tumor biopsies early post-treatment in Dose Level 3B and 4B

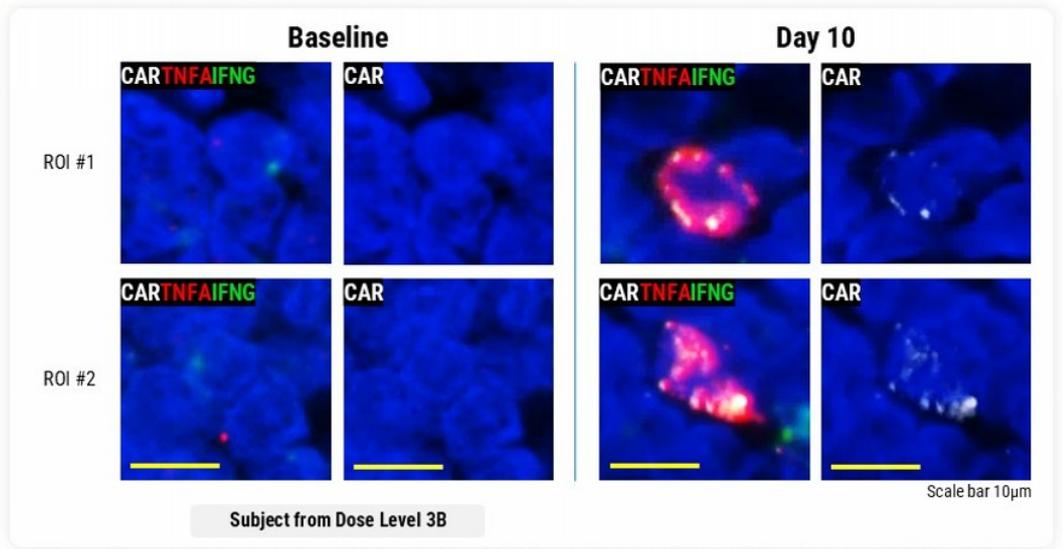
CNTY-101 iNK cells traffic to lymph nodes, observed more frequently at higher doses



CNTY-101 cells detected by RNAscope on day 10 (two days post-second CNTY-101 infusion)



CNTY-101 trafficking observed in 3 out of 7 evaluable subjects in DL3B & DL4B

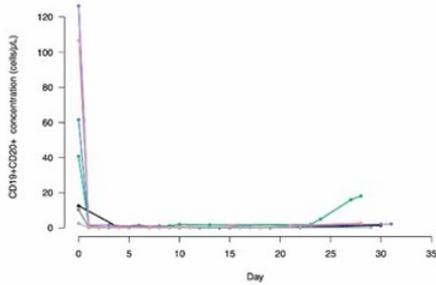


CNTY-101 treatment demonstrated deep B-cell depletion and was associated with naive non-class switched profile of re-emergent B-cells

Data in r/r NHL patients supports the application of CNTY-101 in autoimmune diseases

- Rapid and effective depletion of circulating B cells observed in the first cycle

B-cell depletion



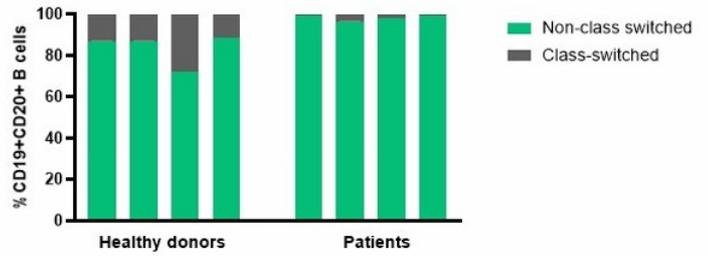
Graphs show data from the initial cycle of all subjects in 3B and 4B who had baseline B cell counts of 1 cell/μL or greater (N=7). Each line represents an individual subject.

Source: Company data, available as of March 7, 2024

Re-emergent B cells show naive non-class-switched profile

- Reduction of class-switched phenotypes in re-emergent B cells has been associated with SLE responses to CD19-targeted cell therapies

Re-emergent B-cell profile



Data shows proportion of non-class switched (IgD+, IgM+ or IgD+IgM+) or switched (IgD-IgM-) circulating B cells (CD19+ CD20+) in healthy donors (N=4) or within earliest evaluable re-emergent B cells in patients (N=4). Majority of the B cells exhibited a naive profile (IgD+ CD27-, data not shown)

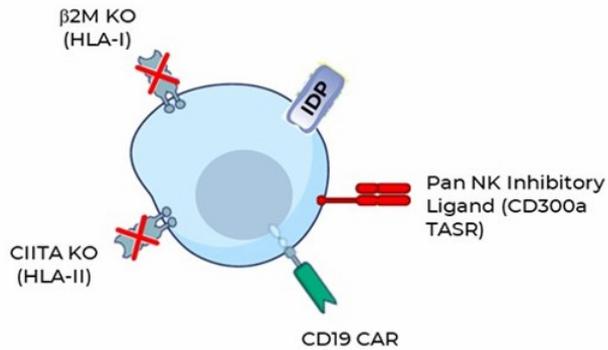


CNTY-308

CAR $\alpha\beta$ -iT cell with Allo-Evasion™ 5.0

CNTY-308 is an iPSC-derived CD19-targeted CAR-iT with preclinical efficacy comparable to autologous CD19 CAR-T cells

CNTY-308

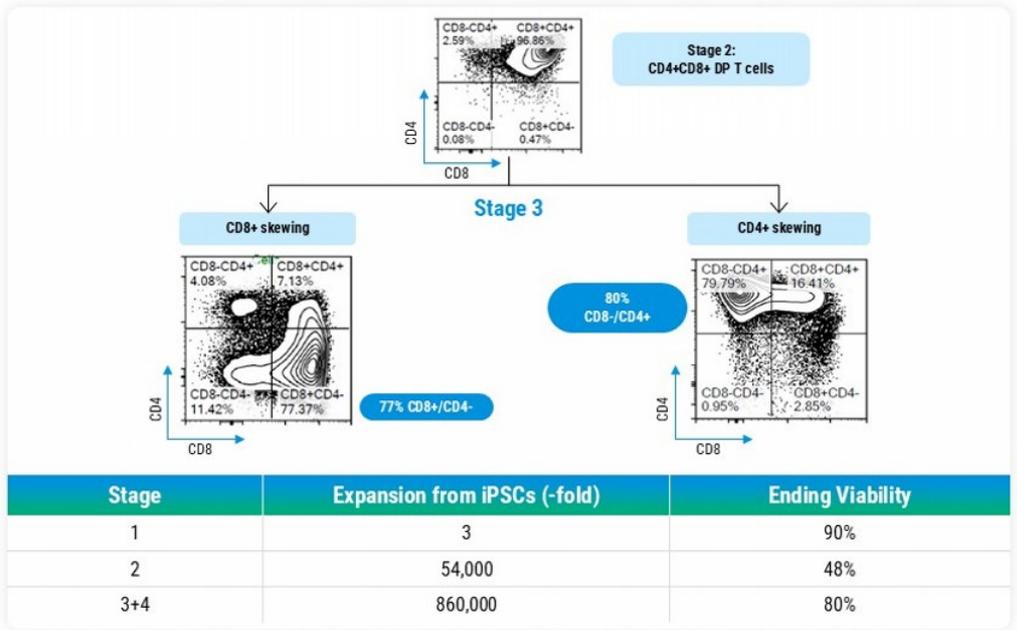
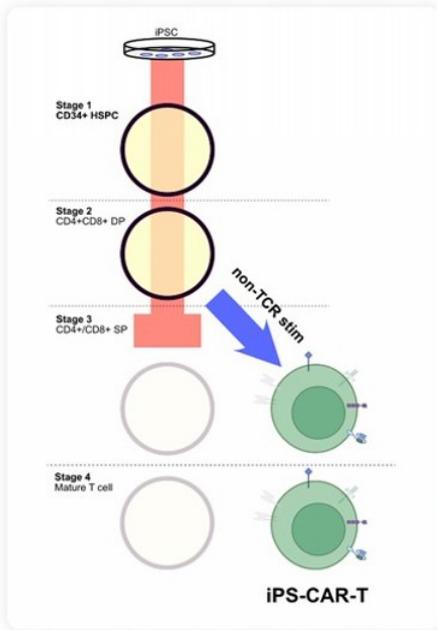


CD4+/CD8+ $\alpha\beta$ iT-cell

- CD19-targeted CAR to target B-cells for cytotoxic depletion
 - 4-1BB and CD3z co-stim domain to stimulate expansion on target engagement
- Allo-Evasion™ 5.0 edits designed to include protection from host T cell, NK cell, and humoral response
- Native $\alpha\beta$ TCR knock-out to eliminate the risk of GvHD
- Displays characteristics of autologous CAR-T cells¹
 - Highly proliferative upon target engagement
 - Secretes cytokines (e.g., IL-2, IFN γ , and TNF α)
 - Cytotoxic effector function rapidly eliminates tumor cells
 - Long-term persistence *in vivo*
 - Eliminates CD19+ primary B-cells *in vitro*²

1. https://www.centurytx.com/wp-content/uploads/ASH_Heinze_IPSC-Derived-CD4-CD8-Final.pdf
2. Company data on file

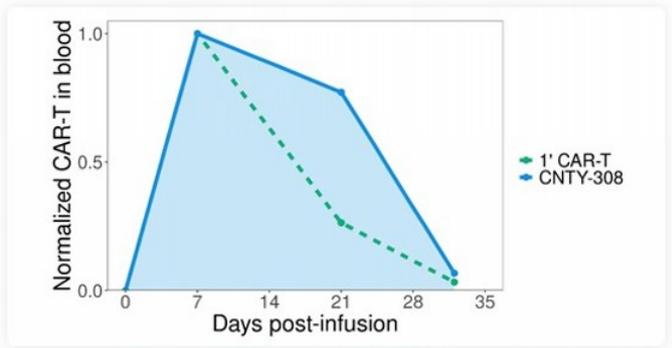
Century's process is designed to control the ratio of CD4+ to CD8+ while expanding differentiating engineered CAR iPSC cells to $\alpha\beta$ CAR-T cells



https://www.centurtx.com/wp-content/uploads/ASH_Heinze_iPSC-Derived-CD4-CD8-Final.pdf

In preclinical studies, Century's $\alpha\beta$ iPS-CAR-T cells show characteristics similar to primary CAR-T cells

Function	1' CAR-T	CNTY-308
IL-2 secretion (pg/mL)	~3,000	~2,000
Requires exogenous IL-2/IL-15	No	No
Repeat killing (rounds)	> 10	> 10
Persistence in blood (days)	32	32
Tumor control after rechallenge (<i>in vivo</i>)	Yes	Yes



CNTY-308 and 1' CAR-T

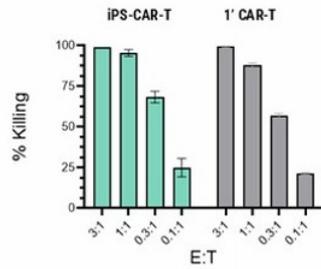
- Self-supports with own target-mediated IL-2
- High functional persistence: kills for >10 rounds, persists in blood for 32+ days, controls tumor after *in vivo* rechallenge

Century's iPSC-CAR- $\alpha\beta$ T cells display the functional characteristics of adult primary T cells: In vitro activity

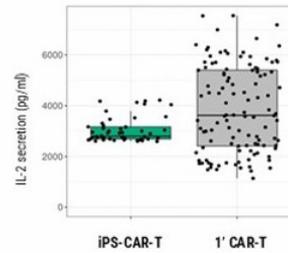
Therapeutic efficacy requires:



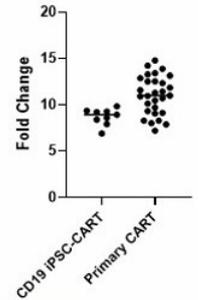
Cytotoxicity: Effector function



Cytokine (IL2) production



Cell expansion and persistence



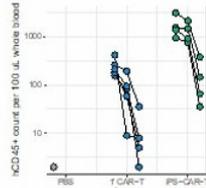
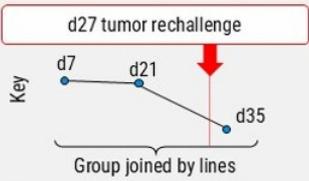
Effective T cell therapies require the generation of iPSC-CAR-T cells with three key in vitro cell functions

In preclinical animal studies, Century iPSC-CAR-T cells showed comparable activity to primary CAR-T cells

In vivo experimental details

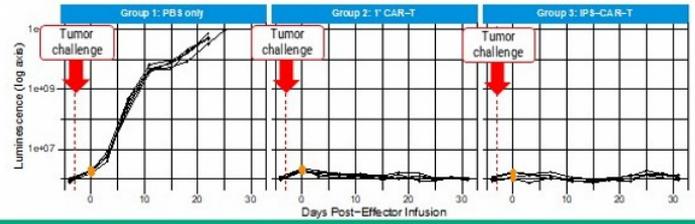
- Disseminated Nalm6 model (1e5 cells infused)
- Effectors added 3 days post-tumor infusion
- 1' CAR-T dose: 5e6 cells
- iPSC-CAR-T dose: 30e6 cells
- No added cytokine or small molecule support

Measurable long-term persistence ≥ 1 mo

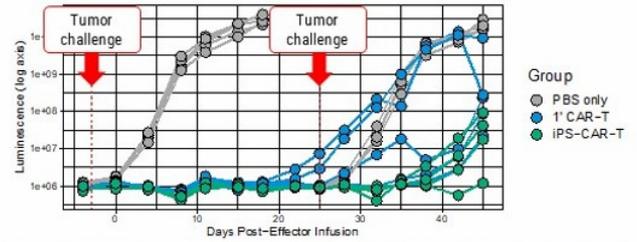


- iPSC-CAR-T persist 21 days post-infusion,
- iPSC-CAR-T detectable at day 35, 7 days post-tumor rechallenge (at day 28)

Complete tumor control



Cytotoxicity maintained upon re-challenge with engrafted cells



Century's early-stage programs target best-in-class profiles in oncology

CNTY-341

- $\alpha\beta$ CAR-iT cells
- Dual-targeting CD19 and CD22 to reduce potential for resistance in malignancy setting
 - Loss of CD19 in B cell malignancies treated by CD19 CAR T cells is a known mechanism of relapse¹
- Includes Allo-Evasion™ 5.0 designed to evade host T-cell, NK-cell, and humoral immunity
- Incorporates other platform enhancements designed to improve cell persistence and long-term engraftment

Solid Tumors

- CAR iT cells
- Novel targeting approaches include
 - Proprietary nectin-4 CAR
 - Novel TCRs providing additional functions
 - Novel CARs directed to other validated targets
- Includes Allo-Evasion™ 5.0 designed to evade host T-cell, NK-cell, and humoral immunity
- Cytokine engineering designed to improve cell persistence post infusion
- Engineering designed to enhance trafficking and sustained function in tumor microenvironment

1. [Mejzner and Meckell, Cancer Discovery, 2018.](#)



Platform: iPSC cell foundry

Century's robust pre-clinical pipeline has potential to address critical barriers confronting cellular therapies



Multiple iPSC-derived immune effector cells

- **iNK**
- $\gamma\delta$ iT
- $\alpha\beta$ iT (CD4+, CD8+)



Opportunity across multiple diseases

- **Next-generation therapies for oncology:**
 - CD19, CD19/22 CARs
 - Nectin-4, CD70, GPC3, and mesothelin CAR
 - High-affinity Fc receptors (enable treatment with mAbs)
- **Key targets in autoimmune diseases:**
 - CD19



iPSC-enabled engineering solutions

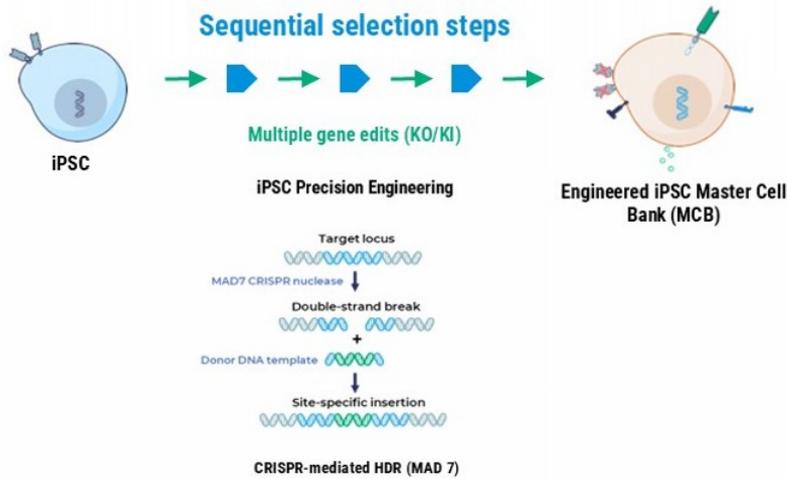
- Cytokine engineering to **reduce or eliminate lymphodepletion**
- **Enhanced Allo-Evasion™** enables repeat dosing, extended drug exposure and potential for durable remissions
- **Resistance to suppressive cytokines** within the tumor

Century's capability to make multiple cell types enables optimal matching of cell characteristics to indication

The right cell for the right indication(s)				
<p>Engineered iPSC MCBs</p> <p>CD8 CD4 CAR αβ iT cell</p> <p>CAR γδ iT cell</p> <p>CAR iNK cell</p>	<p>Adaptive lymphocytes – capable of generating distinct functional attributes</p>	<p>Greatest proliferative potential – potentially most useful for ongoing antigenic pressure</p>	<p>GvHD risk, eliminated by knockout of T cell receptor (TCR)</p>	<p>Potential for long-lived memory, mediating immune surveillance</p>
	<p>Bridge between innate and adaptive lymphocytes</p>	<p>Rapid activation response and capacity for clonal expansion</p>	<p>No GvHD risk, TCR is invariant</p>	<p>Trafficking and persistence as 'tissue-resident T-cells'</p>
	<p>Innate lymphocytes – most potent cytolytic capacity</p>	<p>Less rapid and more limited expansion gives greater control over exposure – potentially more useful for short-term treatment</p>	<p>Little GvHD risk, naturally suppressive</p>	<p>Traffic to bone marrow and secondary lymphoid tissues</p>

MCB: Master Cell Bank
GvHD: Graft vs Host Disease

Precision CRISPR MAD7-mediated sequential gene editing of iPSCs generates uniform product candidates



Advantages of Century's Platform

Precise CRISPR-mediated homology-directed repair¹ **reduces off-target integration**

Successive and efficient gene editing through iPSC platform **avoids risky multiplex modification** and structural variants

- Allo-Evasion™ edits
- Protein and cell engineering

Quality control through generation of homogenous MCE establishes genomic **product integrity**

Manufacturing begins at the MCB, confirmed to be **free from genetic aberrations**

1. MAD7 Nuclease: <https://www.inscripta.com/wp-content/uploads/2023/03/Liu-et-al-2019-Nature-Communications.pdf>

Century platform and in-house manufacturing: Pathway to scalable, profitable cell therapy

Established in-house manufacturing from development to launch

- **Built-for-purpose** 53,000 ft² cGMP facility
- Key leaders each with **1–2 decades** of cell therapy manufacturing expertise, from leading commercial cell therapies
- In-house team facilitates **aligned priorities, learnings, faster product iteration** for efficiency, speed, and product quality
- Builds and protects **proprietary know-how**
- **Optionality** with redundant sites (in-house, active CDMO)

Quality product at disruptive scale and cost of goods

- **Consistency:** Control of manufacturing and single-donor master-cell-bank over product lifetime for batch-to-batch reproducibility
- **Increased cell fitness:** Differentiated immune cells do not undergo excessive expansion cycles which often result in cell exhaustion
- **Product homogeneity:** Clonal origin enables a well-characterized product
- Potential to **manufacture at antibody-like scale:** Scalable platforms and optimized processes to maximize yield, reduce COGs, and meet demand



Century Therapeutics:

Clear focus on transformational value with unique iPSC-derived cell therapies

Enhanced Preclinical Pipeline

Enhanced preclinical pipeline and platform aiming to expand and multiply cell therapy value

- Four potentially transformative programs engineered with industry-leading Allo-Evasion™ 5.0
- Leading programs focus on iPSC-derived 'tunable' CD4+/CD8+ $\alpha\beta$ T cells
- Selective expansion to non-immune effector cells in high impact diseases

Concentrated Clinical Focus

Concentrating clinical focus with CNTY-101 on autoimmune disorders with transformational potential

- Unique profile of CD19-targeting iNK cell product engineered with Allo-Evasion™ with clinical data from R/R NHL reinforcing potential in autoimmune disorders
- Expansion of Phase 1 CALiPSO-1 trial in US and EU with CAMEL IIT expected to commence in mid-2025

Resourcing for Value

Extending cash runway into 4Q26; re-allocating resources to enable key value milestones

- CNTY-101 autoimmune clinical data expected in 2025
- CNTY-308 $\alpha\beta$ T cell program expected to enter IND-enabling stage in mid-2025
- Ended FY24 with cash, cash equivalents, and investments of \$220M

GOAL:
Expand and enhance cell therapy value



www.centurytx.com

